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PORTABLE DIAGNOSTIC RADIOMETER SUPPLEMENT(U) DAVID
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N00014-83-C-0524

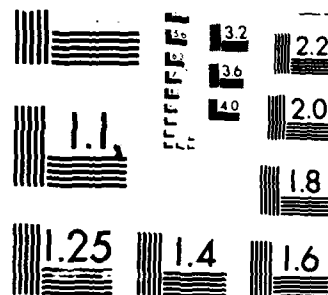
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MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

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PORTABLE DIAGNOSTIC RADIOMETER

Prepared for
Department of the Navy
Naval Medical Research and Development Command
National Naval Medical Center
Bethesda, MD 20014

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PORTABLE DIAGNOSTIC RADIOMETER

SUPPLEMENT TO FINAL REPORT - PHASE II

CONTRACT N00014-83-C-0524

PREPARED FOR

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
NAVAL MEDICAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COMMAND
NATIONAL NAVAL MEDICAL CENTER
BETHESDA, MD 20014

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PREFACE

This supplement to the Final Report for Phase II was prepared by RCA Laboratories, Princeton, New Jersey under Contract No. N00014-83-C-0524 for the Naval Medical Research and Development Command, Bethesda, Maryland. The work on Phase II was performed from July 1, 1984 through March 31, 1985 at the RCA Microwave Technology Center, Dr. Fred Sterzer, Director. The program was supervised by Markus Nowogrodzki, Head of the Microwave Subsystems and Special Projects Group. The Project Scientist was Robert W. Paglione, Member of the Technical Staff, with technical support provided by Francis J. Wozniak and Eugene C. McDermott.

I. INTRODUCTION

A full description of the microwave radiometer is given in the Final Report-Phase II previously submitted. This report presents the data that was measured clinically on one patient, and a detailed operating manual for the instrument.

II. CLINICAL EVALUATION OF THE PROTOTYPE RADIOMETER

The prototype radiometer was used to evaluate a patient with acute appendicitis symptoms at the Hospital Center at Orange, Orange, NJ on October 31, 1986. The chart for this patient is shown in Fig. 1. The skin temperatures were normal and uniform in all four quadrants. The radiometric temperatures were elevated in the lower quadrants with the highest temperature being recorded in the lower right quadrant. A burst appendix was found at the time of surgery (refer to the operative report in Fig. 2) and an appendectomy was performed. The excised specimen was sent to pathology and their findings are shown in Fig. 3.

III. INSTRUCTIONS FOR USING THE RADIOMETER

The portable radiometer system includes the prototype radiometer, a battery pack, and a tuning screwdriver as shown in Fig. 4. **PLEASE NOTE!** The thermistor that is used to monitor the surface temperature is mounted on the front surface of the antenna assembly as shown in Fig. 5. This is a very fragile assembly that protrudes beyond the surface of the foam sheet that covers the antenna. The protective cover supplied with the radiometer should remain on the antenna enclosure at all times when the unit is not in use, and when using the unit care should be taken so as not to shear the thermistor off as the radiometer is being moved around on a patient.

The radiometer power supply cord should be connected to the battery pack as shown in Fig. 6. **PLEASE NOTE!** The red terminals on the cord and battery should be connected together.

To measure a patient with the prototype radiometer, proceed with the following steps:

- Step 1. Have the patient lie down on their back on a comfortable surface and expose the four quadrants for a measurement.
- Step 2. Press the face of the antenna on the front of the radiometer against the left upper quadrant of the patient so that the tissues of that quadrant are touching all surfaces on the front of the antenna housing.
- Step 3. Squeeze the trigger on the pistol-grip handle of the radiometer to enable the measurement sequence. A blinking cursor will appear in character position #1 on the liquid-crystal display on the rear face of the radiometer as shown in Fig. 7. The cursor blinks for up to 45 seconds until the radiometric voltage comes within the range of the linearizing equation in the microprocessor. The display then clears and the surface temperature and radiometric temperature are displayed, as shown in Fig. 8. The microprocessor software is listed in the appendix.
- Step 4. Insert the male end of the adjusting screwdriver into the hole in the cover of the radiometer enclosure and engage the screwdriver slot in the potentiometer beneath the hole (Fig. 9).
- Step 5. Adjust the potentiometer (ccw increases temperature) until the radiometric temperature for the upper left quadrant indicates approximately 35.0°C .

Step 6. Move the radiometer in sequence from the right upper quadrant, T1, to the right lower quadrant, T4, repeating steps 2 and 3.

Step 7. Record the data on the patient's chart.

IV. BATTERY CHARGING

A battery charger has been supplied for recharging the 12V, 3.2Ah battery pack. To recharge the battery: 1) remove the cable connecting the radiometer to the battery pack; 2) plug the battery charger into a standard 110V, 60Hz single phase line; 3) connect the battery cable on the battery charger to the battery pack; 4) charge for a minimum of 5 hours; 5) disconnect the battery cable from the battery pack; and 6) unplug battery charger from the AC line. **NOTE:** It is important to follow the above sequencing or the battery charger may be damaged.

V. APPENDIX

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1  *****
2  *****
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100 *****

```

BR	START	
SEP	R0	
LDI	0FFH	
SMI	01H	
SMI	PT1	
SE	EXDLY	
LDI	04H	*SET RAM ADDRESS FROM 400-47F
PHI	R0	
PHI	R1	
PHI	R2	
PHI	R3	
PHI	R4	
PHI	R5	
PHI	R6	
PHI	R7	
PHI	R8	
PHI	R9	
PHI	RA	
PHI	RB	
PHI	RC	
PHI	RD	
LDI	02H	*R2 ADDRESS=0402H <<ACCUMULATOR>>
PLD	R2	
LDI	03H	*R3 ADDRESS=0403H <<NOT USED>>
PLD	R3	
LDI	04H	*R4 ADDRESS=0404H <<NOT USED>>
PLD	R4	
LDI	05H	*R5 ADDRESS=0405H <<NOT USED>>
PLD	R5	
LDI	0BH	*R6 ADDRESS=040BH <<STACK>>
PLD	R6	
SEK	R6	*SET STACK TO R6
LDI	13H	*R7 ADDRESS=0413H <<TEMPORARY DATA>>
PLD	R7	
LDI	14H	*R8 ADDRESS=0414H <<GENERAL CNTR>>
PLD	R8	
LDI	15H	*R9 ADDRESS=0415H <<NOT USED>>
PLD	R9	
LDI	16H	*RA ADDRESS=0416H <<TEMPORARY DATA>>
PLD	RA	
LDI	19H	*RB ADDRESS=0419H <<TEMPORARY DATA>>
PLD	RB	
LDI	21H	*RC ADDRESS=0421H <<MATH LOGIC>>
PLD	RC	
LDI	22H	*RD ADDRESS=0422H <<LOOP CNTS>>
PLD	RD	
LDI	00H	*RE ADDRESS=0003H <<DELAY SHFT>>
PHI	RE	
LDI	03H	
PLD	RE	
LDI	0BH	*RF ADDRESS=0800H <<DISPLAY>>
PHI	RF	

1	LDI	00H	
2	PLD	RF	
3	***SYSTEM INITIALIZATION		
4	LDI	00H	;SET OUTPUT LATCH TO 00H
5	DEC	R6	
6	STR	R6	
7	OUT	1	
8	LDI	10H	;RESET DISPLAY
9	STR	RF	
10	SEP	RE	
11	LDI	01H	;CLEAR DISPLAY
12	STR	RF	
13	SEP	RE	
14	LDI	0DH	;TURN DISPLAY ON
15	STR	RF	
16	SEP	RE	
17	LDI	09H	;SET BLINKING CURSOR
18	STR	RF	
19	SEP	RE	
20	LDI	0FH	;TURN CURSOR ON
21	STR	RF	
22	SEP	RE	
23	LDI	00H	;SET RA FOR MUX CHNL 1
24	STR	RA	
25	STR	R2	;INITIALIZE ACCUMULATOR
26	DEC	R2	
27	STR	R2	
28	LDI	08H	;SET LOOP CNTR TO 8
29	STR	R0	
30	REQ		;SET LATCHING SWITCH & CD4053 TO 4
31	LDI	0FFH	;EXECUTE DELAY
32	STR	R8	
33	SEP	RE	
34	LDN	R8	
35	SHI	01H	
36	BZ	PT3	
37	BR	PT2	
38	***MEASUREMENT LOOP FOR MUX CHNL #1		
39	LDN	RA	;SET INPUT MUX TO CHNL 1
40	ADI	04H	;GIVE A-TO-D CONVERT COMMAND
41	DEC	R6	;SET CD40257 OUTPUTS
42	STR	R6	
43	LDN	RA	
44	ADI	01H	
45	DEC	R6	
46	STR	R6	
47	LDN	RA	
48	DEC	R6	
49	STR	R6	
50	OUT	1	
51	SEP	RE	
52	OUT	1	
53	NOF		
54	OUT	1	
55	SEP	RE	
56	INF	2	;INPUT A-TO-D BITS 5,6,7,8,1,2,3,4
57	ANI	0FH	;MASK OUT BITS 5-8
58	STR	R7	;STORE IN R7
59	LDN	RA	;SET CD40257 OUTPUTS
60	DEC	R6	

101	STR	R6	
102	OUT	1	
103	SEP	RE	
104	INP	2	#INPUT A-TO-D BITS 5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12
105	DEC	R7	
106	STR	R7	#STORE IN R7-1
107	LON	R7	#IF N4 < 0A7FH, RE-READ N4
108	SMI	7FH	
109	INC	R7	
110	LON	R7	
111	SMBI	0AH	
112	BM	PT3	
113	LON	R7	#ADD R7 TO ACCUMULATOR
114	DEC	R6	
115	STR	R6	
116	DEC	R7	
117	LON	R7	
118	DEC	R6	
119	STR	R6	
120	LON	R2	
121	ADD		
122	STR	R2	
123	INC	R2	
124	IRX		
125	LON	R2	
126	ADC		
127	STR	R2	
128	IRX		
129	LON	RD	#DECREMENT LOOP CNTR
130	SMI	01H	
131	BZ	PT4	#CHECK IF DONE
132	STR	RD	
133	INC	R7	
134	DEC	R2	
135	LDI	0CH	#EXECUTE DELAY
136	BR	PT2	
137	PT4	LDI	03H #DIVIDE SUM BY 8
138	STR	RD	
139	PT5	LON	R2
140	SHR		
141	STR	R2	
142	DEC	R2	
143	LON	R2	
144	SHRC		
145	STR	R2	
146	LON	RD	#CHECK IF DONE
147	SMI	01H	
148	BZ	PT6	
149	STR	RD	
150	INC	R2	
151	BR	PT5	
152	PT6	LON	R2 #STORE AVG IN R7
153	STR	R7	
154	INC	R2	
155	INC	R7	
156	LON	R2	
157	STR	R7	
158	***MEASUREMENT LOOP FOR MUX CHNL 2,3, AND 4		
159	LDI	03H	#SET LOOP CNTR TO 3
160	STR	RD	

181	DEC	R7	
182	DEC	R7	
183 PT7	LDR	RA	;SET NEW MUX CHNL
184	SMI	10H	
185	BNZ	PT8	
186	LDR	08H	
187	BR	PT9	
188 PT8	LDR	RA	
189	ADI	10H	
190 PT9	STR	RA	
191	LDR	RA	;SET INPUT MUX TO CHNL 2,3, OR 4
192	ADI	04H	;GIVE A-TO-D CONVERT COMMAND
193	DEC	R6	;SET CD40257 OUTPUTS
194	STR	R6	
195	LDR	RA	
196	ADI	01H	
197	DEC	R6	
198	STR	R6	
199	LDR	RA	
200	DEC	R6	
201	STR	R6	
202	JUT	1	
203	SEP	RE	
204	OUT	1	
205	NOP		
206	OUT	1	
207	SEP	RE	
208	INP	2	;INPUT A-TO-D BITS 5,6,7,8,1,2,3,4
209	ANI	0FH	;MASK OUT BITS 5-8
210	STR	R7	;STORE IN R7
211	LDR	RA	;SET CD40257 OUTPUTS
212	DEC	R6	
213	STR	R6	
214	OUT	1	
215	SEP	RE	
216	INP	2	;INPUT A-TO-D BITS 5,6,7,8,1,2,3,4
217	DEC	R7	
218	STR	R7	;STORE IN R7-1
219	LDR	RD	;DECREMENT LOOP CNTR
220	SMI	01H	
221	BZ	PT10	;CHECK IF DONE
222	STR	RD	
223	DEC	R7	
224	LDR	PT7	
225	;CONVERT READINGS INTO TEMPERATURES		
226 PT10	INC	R7	
227	INC	R7	
228	INC	R7	
229	INC	R7	
230	LDR	0FFH	;SET BATH CONSTANTS FOR
231	STR	RC	;SURFACE THERMISTOR
232	LDR	7BH	
233	DEC	RC	
234	STR	RC	
235	LDR	20H	
236	DEC	RC	
237	STR	RC	
238	LDR	0F1H	
239	DEC	RC	
240	STR	RC	

001	LDI	00H	#GET CON DATA TO 1
002	STR	R0	
003	***		
004	LDI	00H	#ENABLE COMPARE
005	DEC	R6	
006	STR	R6	
007	OUT	1	
008	LDI	00H	#INITIALIZE ACCUMULATOR
009	STR	R2	#REG. (R2 & R2-1)
010	DEC	R2	
011	STR	R2	
012	INC	R2	
013	***		
014	LDI	0F2H	#DIVIDE N BY A CONSTANT
015	DEC	R6	
016	STR	R6	
017	LDR	R7	#LOAD LSE
018	DEC	R6	
019	STR	R6	
020	INC	R7	
021	LDR	R7	#LOAD MSB
022	DEC	R6	
023	STR	R6	
024	LDR	R0	#LOAD CONSTANT
025	DEC	R6	
026	STR	R6	
027	LDI	0FCH	
028	DEC	R6	
029	STR	R6	
030	OUT	7	
031	OUT	4	
032	OUT	6	
033	OUT	5	
034	OUT	7	
035	LDI	0F0H	
036	DEC	R6	
037	STR	R6	
038	OUT	7	
039	INP	6	#STORE REMAINDER IN R6
040	STR	R6	
041	***		
042	LDI	0F9H	#MULTIPLY QUOTIENT BY A CONSTANT
043	DEC	R6	
044	STR	R6	
045	INC	R0	
046	LDR	R0	#LOAD CONSTANT
047	DEC	R6	
048	STR	R6	
049	LDI	0F0H	
050	DEC	R6	
051	STR	R6	
052	OUT	7	
053	OUT	4	
054	OUT	7	
055	LDI	0F0H	
056	DEC	R6	
057	STR	R6	
058	OUT	7	
059	INP	6	
060	DEC	R6	

301	STR	RB	#STORE MSB OF PRODUCT IN RB-1
302	INF	5	
303	DEC	RB	
304	STR	RB	#STORE LSB OF PRODUCT IN RB-1
305	***		
306	LDI	0F9H	#MULTIPLY REMAINDER BY A CONSTANT
307	DEC	R6	
308	STR	R6	
309	INC	RB	
310	INC	RB	
311	LDN	RB	#LOAD REMAINDER
312	DEC	R6	
313	STR	R6	
314	LDN	RC	#LOAD CONSTANT
315	DEC	R6	
316	STR	R6	
317	LDI	0FCH	
318	DEC	R6	
319	STR	R6	
320	OUT	7	
321	OUT	4	
322	OUT	5	
323	OUT	7	
324	LDI	0F2H	#DIVIDE PRODUCT BY A CONSTANT
325	DEC	R6	
326	STR	R6	
327	DEC	RC	
328	LDN	RC	#LOAD CONSTANT
329	DEC	R6	
330	STR	R6	
331	INC	RC	
332	INC	RC	
333	LDI	0F0H	
334	DEC	R6	
335	STR	R6	
336	OUT	7	
337	OUT	4	
338	OUT	7	
339	LDI	0F0H	
340	DEC	R6	
341	STR	R6	
342	OUT	7	
343	LDI	00H	
344	DEC	R6	
345	STR	R6	
346	DEC	R6	
347	INF	5	
348	***		
349	DEC	RB	#ADD QUOTIENT TO PREVIOUS RESULT
350	DEC	RB	
351	LDN	RB	#LOAD LSB OF QUOTIENT
352	ADD		
353	STR	RB	
354	INC	RB	
355	IRX		
356	LDN	RB	#LOAD MSB OF QUOTIENT
357	ADC		
358	STR	RB	
359	IRX		
360	***		

361	LDN	R2	#ADD RESULT TO ACCUMULATOR REG. (R6)
362	DEC	R6	
363	STR	R6	
364	DEC	R2	
365	LDN	R2	
366	DEC	R6	
367	STR	R6	
368	DEC	RB	
369	LDN	RB	
370	ADD		
371	STR	R2	
372	INC	RB	
373	INC	R2	
374	IRX		
375	LDN	RB	
376	ADC		
377	STR	R2	
378	INC	RB	
379	IRX		
380	***		
381	LDN	R2	#ADD FINAL CONSTANT TO RESULT
382	DEC	R6	
383	STR	R6	
384	DEC	R2	
385	LDN	R2	
386	DEC	R6	
387	STR	R6	
388	LDN	RC	#LOAD LSB OF CONSTANT
389	ADD		
390	STR	R2	
391	INC	R2	
392	INC	RC	
393	IRX		
394	LDN	RC	#LOAD MSB OF CONSTANT
395	ADC		
396	STR	R2	
397	IRX		
398	***CONVERT TO DECIMAL DIGITS		
399	LDI	0F2H	#DIVIDE HEX NO. BY 100(64H)
400	DEC	R6	
401	STR	R6	
402	LDN	R2	
403	DEC	R6	
404	STR	R6	
405	DEC	R2	
406	LDN	R2	
407	DEC	R6	
408	STR	R6	
409	LDI	64H	
410	DEC	R6	
411	STR	R6	
412	LDI	0FCH	
413	DEC	R6	
414	STR	R6	
415	OUT	7	
416	OUT	4	
417	OUT	5	
418	OUT	6	
419	OUT	7	
420	LDI	0F0H	

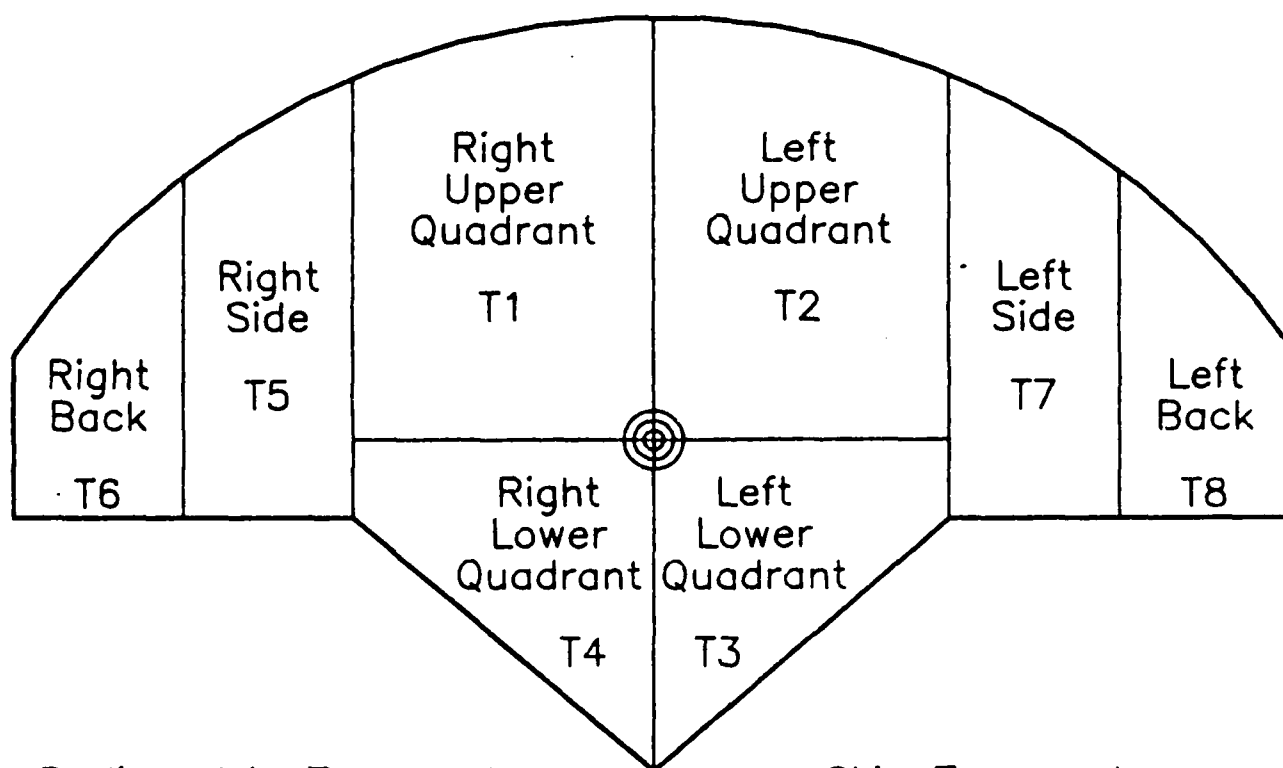
421	DEC	R6	
422	STR	R6	
423	OUT	7	
424	INP	5	
425	INC	R2	
426	STR	R2	;STORE MS DEC. DIGIT IN R2
427	INP	6	
428	DEC	R2	
429	STR	R2	;STORE REMAINDER IN R2-1
430	LDI	0F2H	;DIVIDE REMAINDER BY 10(0AH)
431	DEC	R6	
432	STR	R6	
433	LDN	R2	
434	DEC	R6	
435	STR	R6	
436	LDI	0AH	
437	DEC	R6	
438	STR	R6	
439	LDI	0FCH	
440	DEC	R6	
441	STR	R6	
442	OUT	7	
443	OUT	4	
444	OUT	5	
445	OUT	7	
446	LDI	0F0H	
447	DEC	R6	
448	STR	R6	
449	OUT	7	
450	INP	5	
451	STR	R2	;STORE 2nd DEC. DIGIT IN R2-1
452	INP	6	
453	DEC	R2	
454	STR	R2	;STORE LS DEC. DIGIT IN R2-2
455	INC	R2	
456	INC	R2	
457	; **DISPLAY ASCII DIGITS		
458	LDI	00H	;DISABLE CDP1855
459	DEC	R6	
460	STR	R6	
461	OUT	1	
462	LDI	0EH	;TURN BLINKING CURSOR OFF
463	STR	RF	
464	SEP	RE	
465	LDI	20H	;DISPLAY 3 SPACES
466	INC	RF	
467	STR	RF	
468	SEP	RE	
469	LDI	20H	
470	STR	RF	
471	SEP	RE	
472	LDI	20H	
473	STR	RF	
474	SEP	RE	
475	LDN	R2	;DISPLAY MS DEC. DIGIT
476	ADI	30H	
477	STR	RF	
478	SEP	RE	
479	DEC	R2	;DISPLAY 2nd DEC. DIGIT
480	LDN	R2	

481	ADI	30H	
482	STR	RF	
483	SEP	RE	
484	LDI	2EH	;DISPLAY DECIMAL POINT
485	STR	RF	
486	SEP	RE	
487	DEC	R2	;DISPLAY LS DEC. DIGIT
488	LDN	R2	
489	ADI	30H	
490	STR	RF	
491	SEP	RE	
492	INC	R2	
493	INC	R2	
494	DEC	RF	
495	LDN	RD	;DECREMENT EQN CNTR
496	SMI	01H	
497	BZ	PT12	;CHECK IF DONE
498	STR	RD	
499	LDI	0F3H	;LOAD 4 GHz CONSTANTS
500	STR	RC	
501	LDI	77H	
502	DEC	RC	
503	STR	RC	
504	LDI	2BH	
505	DEC	RC	
506	STR	RC	
507	LDI	24H	
508	DEC	RC	
509	STR	RC	
510	INC	R7	
511	LBR	PT11	
512	LDI	00H	;SET RA FOR MUX CHNL 1
513	STR	RA	
514	LDI	08H	;SET LOOP CNTR TO 8
515	STR	RD	
516	LDI	00H	;INITIALIZE ACCUMULATOR
517	STR	R2	
518	DEC	R2	
519	STR	R2	
520	LDI	02H	;SET CURSOR TO HOME
521	STR	RF	
522	SEP	RE	
523	LBR	PT3	
524			

FIGURE CAPTIONS

- Fig. 1. Chart for the patient measured with the prototype radiometer.
- Fig. 2. Operative report for the patient measured with the prototype radiometer.
- Fig. 3. Pathology report for the patient measured with the prototype radiometer.
- Fig. 4. Photograph of the portable radiometer system.
- Fig. 5. Photograph showing the location of the surface thermistor.
- Fig. 6. Photograph showing the proper connection of the radiometer power supply cord to the battery pack.
- Fig. 7. Photograph showing the blinking cursor in character position #1 on the liquid-crystal display.
- Fig. 8. Photograph showing the display of surface and radiometric temperatures.
- Fig. 9. Photograph showing the adjusting screwdriver in the hole in the cover of the radiometer enclosure.

Patient: _____ Date: 31 Oct 86
 Hospital: HCO Physician: _____
 Diagnosis: Acute Appendicitis
 Comments: 3 cm of abdominal fat seen at time of surgery



Radiometric Temperatures

T6 _____ T5 _____ T1 35.5 T2 35.7 T7 _____ T8 _____
 T4 38.1 T3 36.7

Skin Temperatures

T6 _____ T5 _____ T1 31.9 T2 32.0 T7 _____ T8 _____
 T4 32.0 T3 32.0

Pathology: _____

Fig. 1. Chart for the patient measured with the prototype radiometer.



OPERATIVE REPORT

PREOPERATIVE DIAGNOSIS: ACUTE APPENDICITIS.

POSTOPERATIVE DIAGNOSIS: ACUTE GANGRENOUS APPENDICITIS WITH PERITONITIS.

OPERATION PERFORMED: EXPLORATORY LAPAROTOMY, APPENDECTOMY WITH DRAINAGE OF PERITONEAL FLUID.

SURGEON: Dr. Patel DATE OF SURGERY:
ASSISTANT: Dr. Monteagudo

FINDINGS: This patient had acute appendicitis with peritoneal fluid into the right gutter as well as the cul de sac. No other abnormality was found.

TECHNIQUE: Under general anesthesia the patient was prepped and draped in the usual sterile manner and a transverse incision was made which was carried through the subcutaneous tissue. Hemostasis was achieved by electrocoagulation. External oblique aponeurosis was split in the direction of its fibers and the internal oblique and transversalis was split in the direction of its fibers. The peritoneum was opened and as soon as it was opened, the peritoneal fluid was gushing out of the wound which was obtained for culture and sensitivity. Aspiration was performed. There was about 200 cc. of purulent fluid, foul smelling liquid was recovered. The appendix was stuck into the right adnexael area which was difficult to deliver. The incision was enlarged and it was delivered and removed under direct vision. The mesoappendix was clamped and ligated with #2-0 chromic catgut. The appendiceal stump was doubly ligated with #2-0 chromic catgut. No attempt was made to invaginate it. Appendectomy was performed in this fashion. The omentum was also stuck and was hemorrhaging initially so it was clamped and divided with #2-0 chromic catgut. Copious irrigation was performed in the right gutter and left gutter as well as the cul de sac. After satisfactory drainage of the peritoneal fluid and pus, the common viscera was returned to its anatomical position and the peritoneum was closed by #2-0 chromic catgut in continuous fashion and the internal oblique and transversalis was closed with purse suture with #2-0 chromic catgut. Each and every layer was successfully irrigated with Bacitracin solution. The external oblique was closed in a similar fashion. The subcutaneous tissues were closed with #3-0 chromic catgut. A Penrose drain was placed into the subcutaneous tissue and the skin was closed with clips. A sterile dressing was applied. The patient tolerated the procedure fairly well and the Penrose drain was secured with #2-0 black suture. Estimated blood loss about 30 cc. The patient tolerated the procedure fairly well.

DRP:nac 6286-05
D: 12/4/86
T: 12/5/86

DHIRAJKUMAR R. PATEL, M.D.

OPERATIVE REPORT

GROSS:

The specimen consists of an appendix and a segment of omentum. The appendix is 7 cm long and the proximal end is 1.2 cm in diameter while the distal end is 1 cm in diameter. The serosal surface is reddish-brown and dull and part of the surface contains some gray friable material. Separate pieces of omental fat measures 10 x 3 x 2 cm and is reddish-yellow and indurated. The surface is dull and covered by some gray friable material.

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MICROSCOPIC:

The appendiceal lumen is filled with neutrophils which infiltrate through the wall. Part of the wall shows necrosis. The omental fat has fibrinopurulent exudate.

DIAGNOSIS: Acute gangrenous appendicitis with periappendicitis.
Omental fat with peritonitis.

(7)

Fig. 3. Pathology report for the patient measured with the prototype radiometer.

SURGICAL PATHOLOGY - TISSUE EXAMINATION

Pathologist

S. Kondo, M.D. 11.1.66

Date

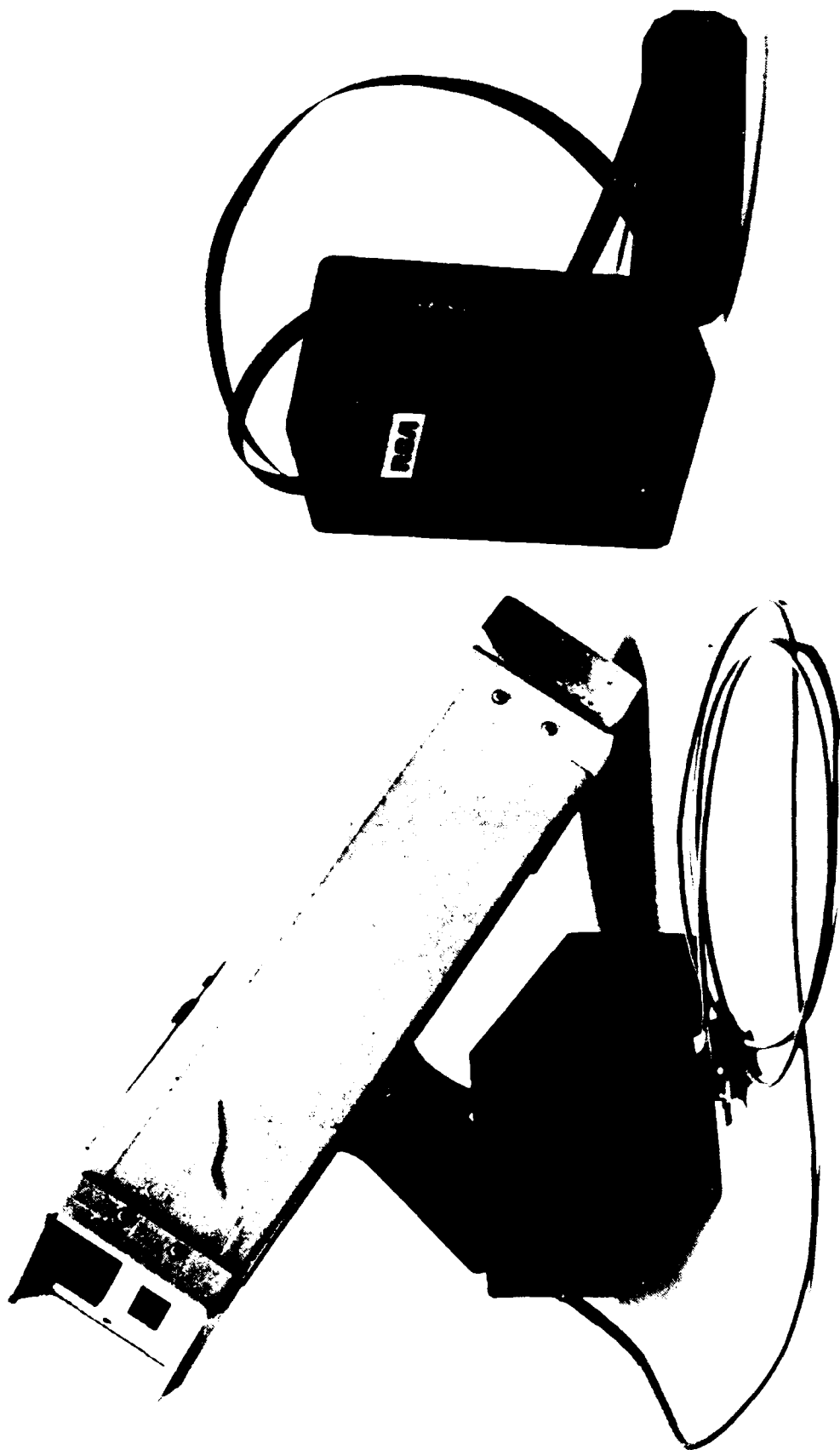


Fig. 4. Photograph of the portable radiometer system.

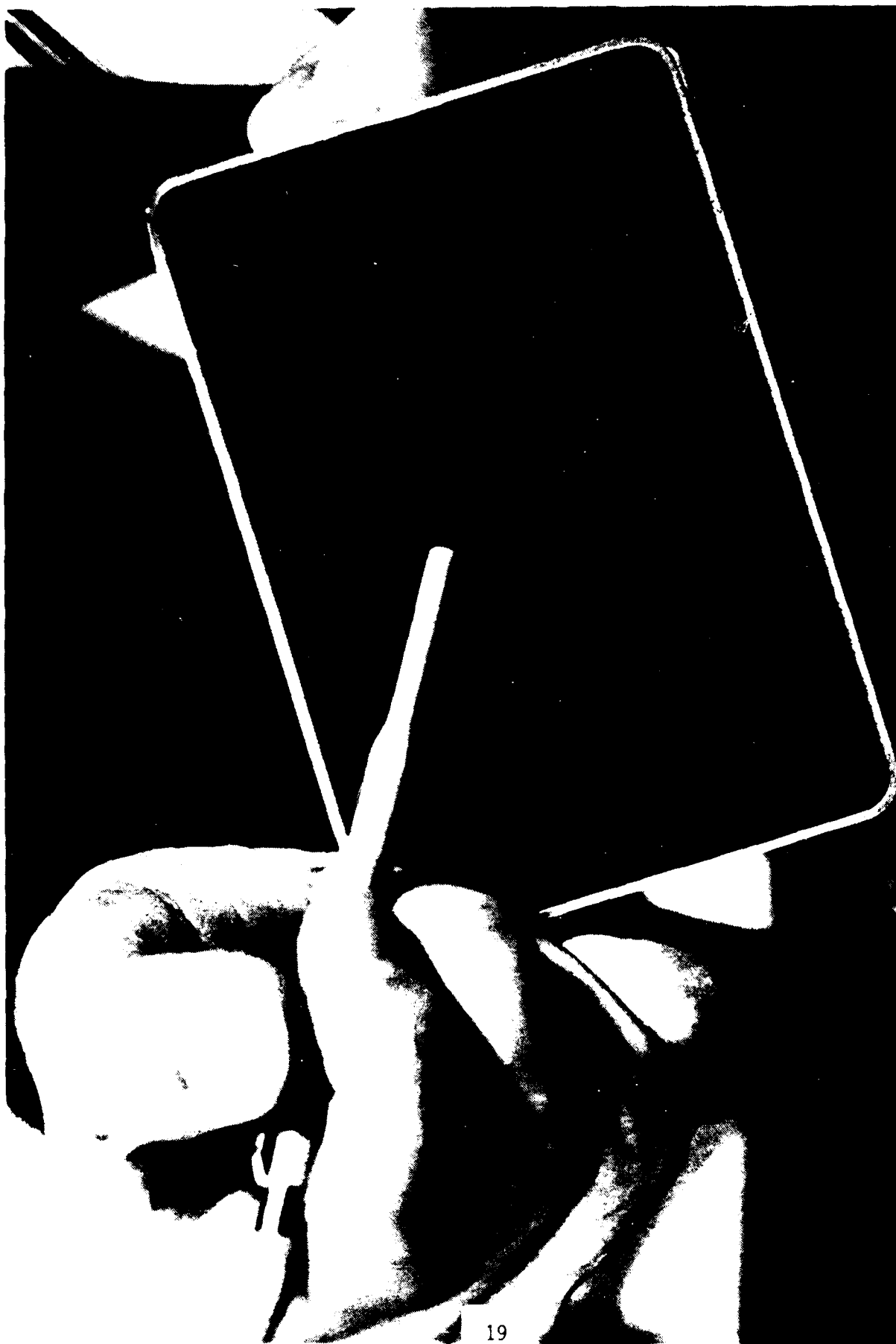


Fig. 5. Photograph showing the location of the surface thermistor.



Fig. 6. Photograph showing the proper connection of the radiometer power supply cord to the battery pack.



Fig. 7. Photograph showing the blinking cursor in character position #1 on the liquid-crystal display.

REAL

Fig. 8. Photograph showing the display of surface and radiometric temperatures.



Fig. 9. Photograph showing the adjusting screwdriver in the hole in the cover of the radiometer enclosure.

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